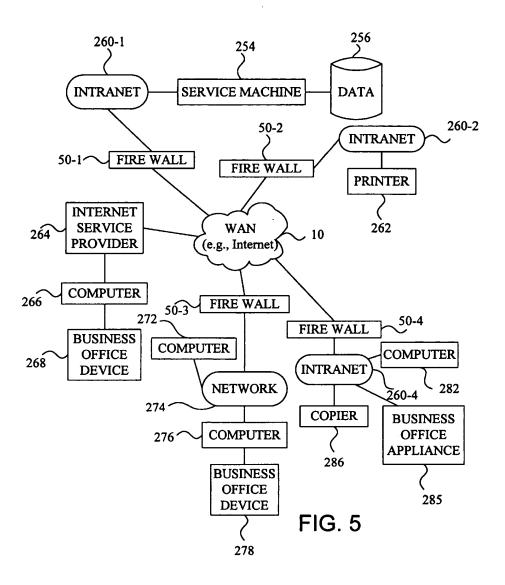
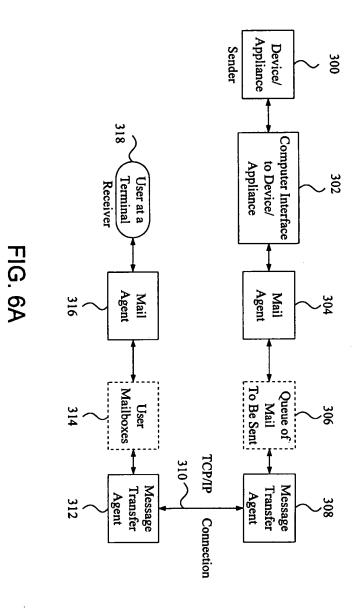


FIG. 4





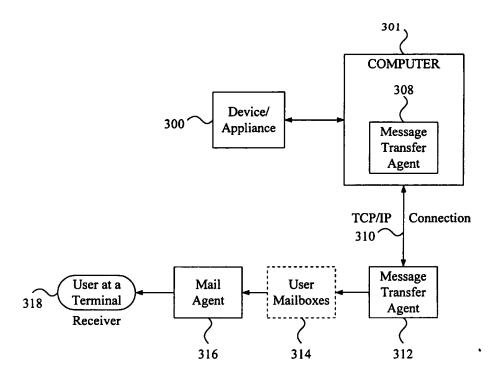


FIG. 6B

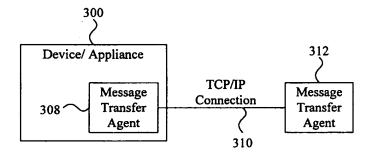


FIG. 6C

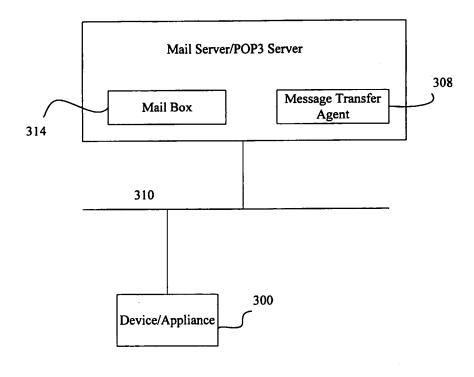
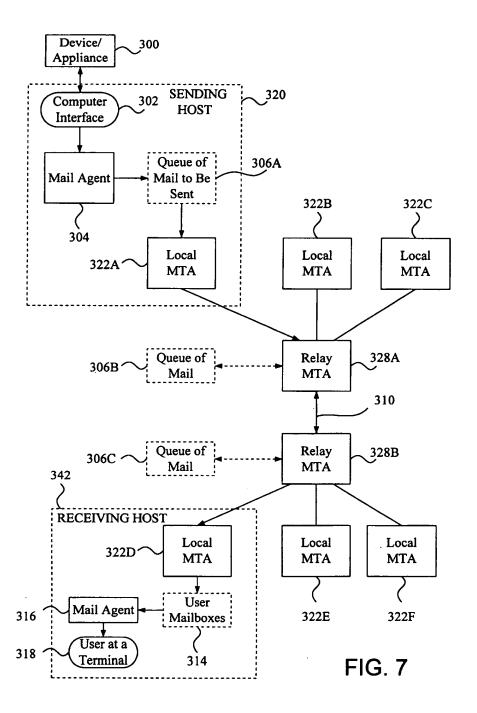


Figure 6D



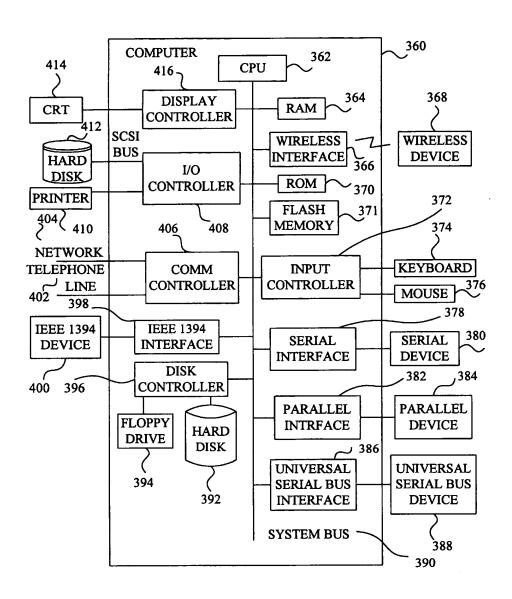


FIG. 8

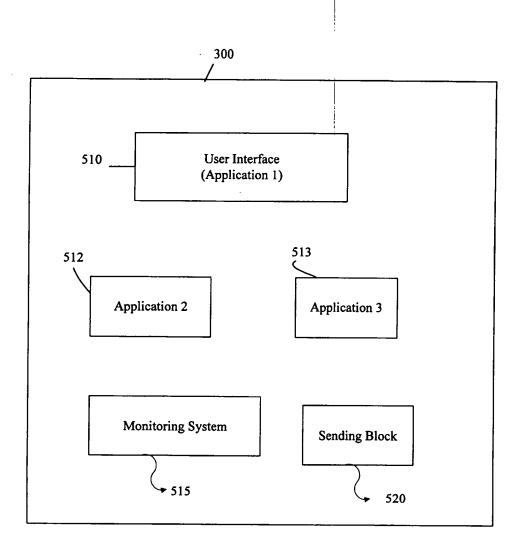
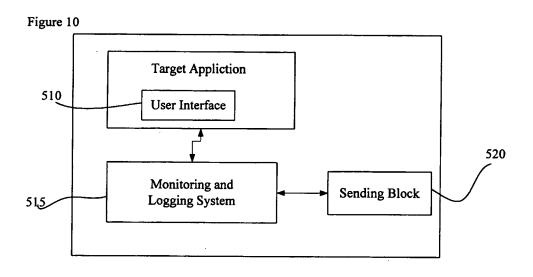
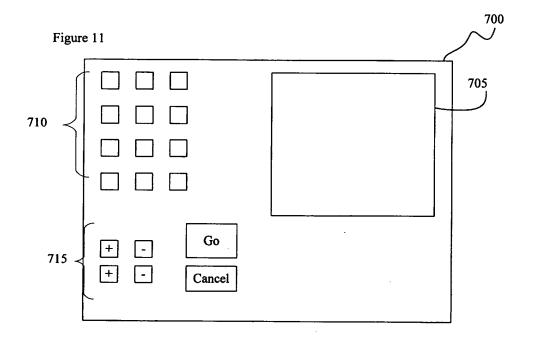


Fig. 9





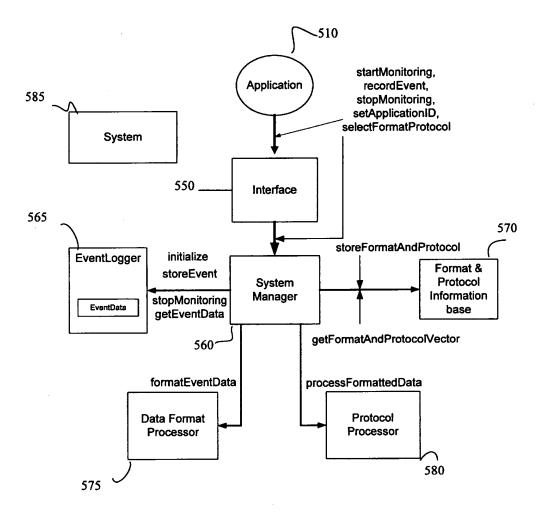


Figure 12A

Return Value	Function Name	Description
bool	getNextSession	Returns false when there is no more session; true otherwise
string	getFileName	Returns file name for the EventData
map <string, string=""></string,>	getSessionInformation	Returns the map. Keys are UserID, ApplicationID, CumulativeSessionNumber, StartTime, and Duration.
map <string, vector<string="">></string,>	getSessionEventData	Returns the map. Keys are EventName and EventTiming. The values of EventTiming vector are in the unit of 10th of a second converted from unsigned integer to string.

Figure 12B

Return Value	Function Name	Description
bool	getNextLine	Returns one line of string data as an out parameter string. The function returns true if there is a line; false if no more line exists with empty string.
string	getFileNameWithSuffix	Returns file name for the data with suffix if applicable

Figure 12C

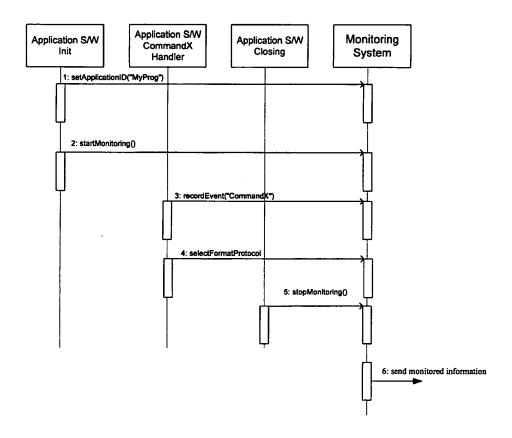


Figure 13

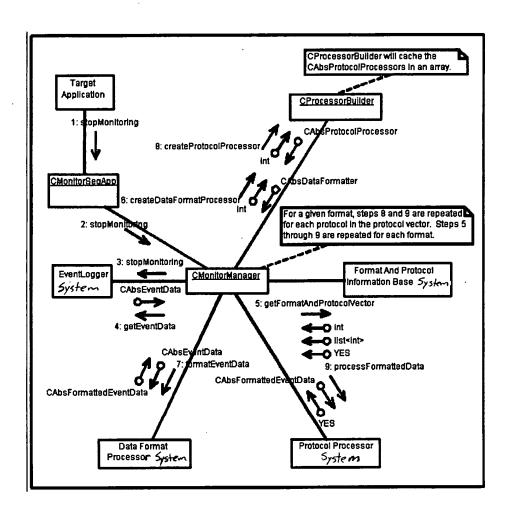
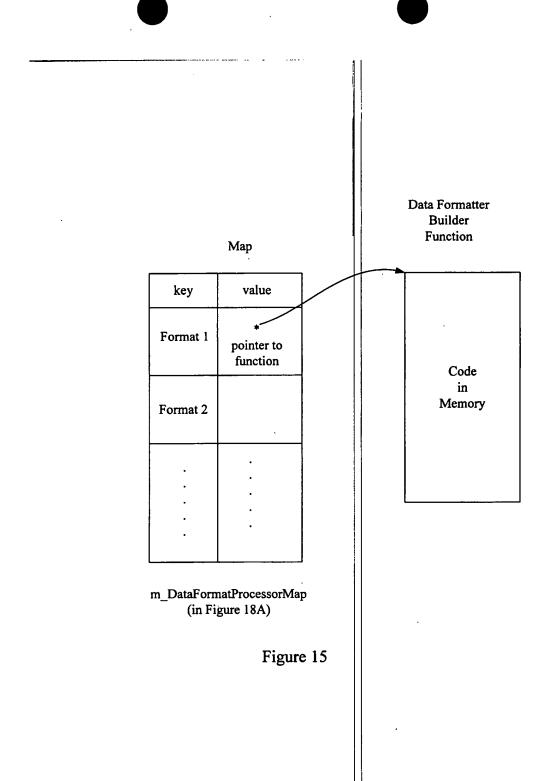


Figure 14



```
void CMonitorManager::stopMonitoring()
             TRACE("CMonitorManager::stopMonitoring \n");
     1. calls the function stopMonitoring() of
             CUsageLogger.
             m_UsageLogger.stopMonitoring();

    calls the function getEventData() of
CUsageLogger. This function returns the usage
information, CAbsEventData, to CMonitorManager.
CAbsEventData * loc_pAbsEventData = m_UsageLogger.getEventData();

     calls the function getFormatAndProtocolVector()
             of CFormatProtocol InformationBase. This function returns the following to CMonitorManager: an int for the data format, a list<int> for the communication protocols, and a bool to indicate if the return values (format and protocol) are valid.
11111111
             int loc_nFormat;
            list<int> loc_ProtocolVector;
            CProcessorBuilder loc_ProcessorBuilder;
             while (m_FormatProtocol_InformationBase.getFormatAndProtocolVector(
                        loc_nFormat, loc_ProtocolVector)){

    calls the function createDataFormatProcessor()
of CProcessorBuilder. CMonitorManager passes an

11
             int for the data format into this function. This
             function returns the data format processor,
             CAbsDataFormatter, to CMonitorManager.
                        CAbsDataFormatter * loc_pAbsDataFormatter = loc_ProcessorBuilder.createDataFormatProcessor(loc_nFormat);
            calls the function formatEventData() of
11 11 11 11 11
            CAbsDataFormatter. CMonitorManager passes the usage information, CAbsEventData, into this function. This function returns the formatted usage information, CAbsFormattedEventData, to
             CMonitorManager.
                        CAbsFormattedEventData * loc_pAbsFormattedEventData =
                                   loc_pAbsDataFormatter->formatEventData(loc_pAbsEventData);
            calls the function createProtocolProcessor() of
            CProcessor, CAbsProtocolProcessor, to CMonitorManager.
                       for(list<int>::iterator loc_ProtocolvectorIterator =
   loc_Protocolvector.begin(); loc_ProtocolvectorIterator NE
   loc_Protocolvector.end(); loc_ProtocolvectorIterator ++) {
```

Figure 16A

```
CAbsProtocolProcessor * loc_pAbsProtocolProcessor = loc_ProcessorBuilder.createProtocolProcessor( * loc_ProtocolVectorIterator);

// 7. calls the function processFormattedData() of CAbsProtocolProcessor. CMonitorManager passes the formatted usage information, CAbsFormattedEventData, into this function. This function returns a bool to CMonitorManager to indicate if the usage information was communicated using the protocol.

loc_pAbsProtocolProcessor->processFormattedData( loc_pAbsFormattedEventData);

// 8. steps 6 and 7 are repeated for each protocol, int, in the protocol vector, list<int>.
}

// 9. steps 3 through 8 are repeated for each format until the function getFormatAndProtocolVector()
// returns NO to CMonitorManager.
```

Figure 16B

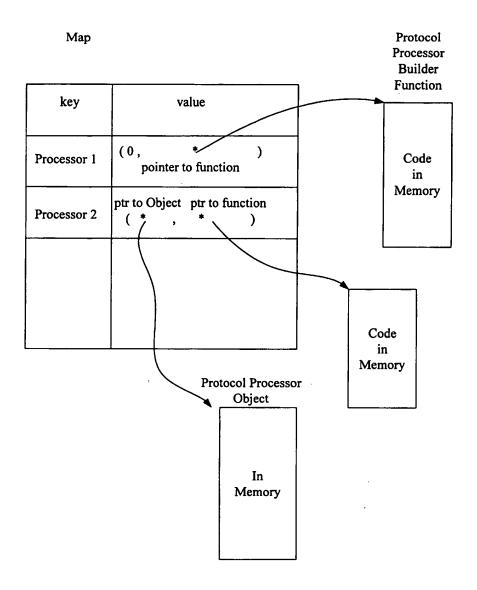


Figure 17

Author: Avery Fong
3.3 CProcessorBuilder Class Specification

3.3.1 Function List
public:
CProcessorBuilder();
-CProcessorBuilder();
CAbsDataFormatter* createDataFormatProcessor(int in_nFormat);
CAbsProtocolProcessor* createProtocolProcessor(int in_nProtocol);

void initDataFormatProcessorMap(); void initProtocolProcessorMap();

Include the following functions to create the different data format processors and protocol processors.

CAbsDataFormatter* createCommaDataFormatter();

CAbsDataFormatter* createXMLDataFormatter();

CAbsProtocolProcessor* createSmtpProtocolProcessor();

CAbsProtocolProcessor' create[ProtocolProcessor();

CAbsProtocolProcessor();

If new data formats or new protocols are added, then new functions to create them must be added.

Include the following typedef declarations for the functions that create the data format processors and protocol processors. typedef CAbsDataFormatter* (*DataFormatProcessorBuilder) (); typedef CAbsProtocolProcessor* (*ProtocolProcessorBuilder) ();

3.3.2 Class Attributes

Туре	Attribute Name	Description
CAbsDataFormatter*	m_pDataFormatter	This attribute member points to the data format processor object. It is initialize to 0 in the constructor and the data format processor object is created by the function createDataFormatProcessor(). This function may be called multiple times so that it must delete the previous data format processor object pointed to by this attribute member before creating a new one. The destructor will delete the last data format processor object pointed to by this attribute member.
map <int, DataFormatProcessorBuilder></int, 	m_ProtocolProcessorMap	This attribute member is a map of pointers to functions that create the data format processor. The key to this map is an int for the data format type. The value is a pointer to a function that creates the data format processor corresponding to the key. The pointers to the functions in the map are initialized in the function initDataFormatProcessorMap().
map <int, pair<cabsprotocolprocessor*,="" protocolprocessorbuilder="">></int,>	m_ProtocolProcessorMap	This attribute member is a map of pointers to protocol processor objects and pointers to functions that create them. The key to this map is an int for the protocol processor type. The value is a pair consisting of a pointer to the protocol processor object and a pointer to a function that creates the protocol processor object. All the pointers to the protocol processor object. All the pointers to the protocol processor object are initialized to 0 and its corresponding functions are initialized by the function initiProtocolProcessorMap(). The protocol processor objects are created by the function create ProtocolProcessor(). The destructor will delete all the protocol processor objects pointed to by the map.

Figure 18A

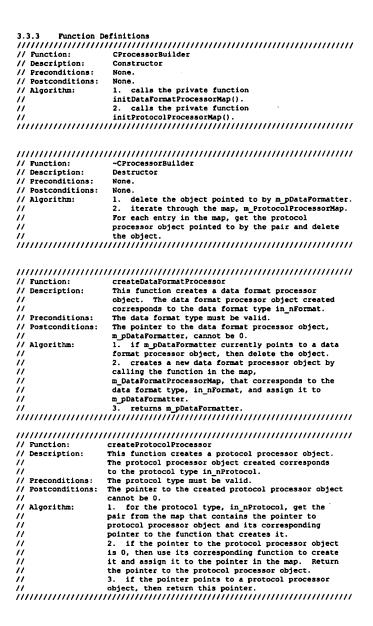


Figure 18B

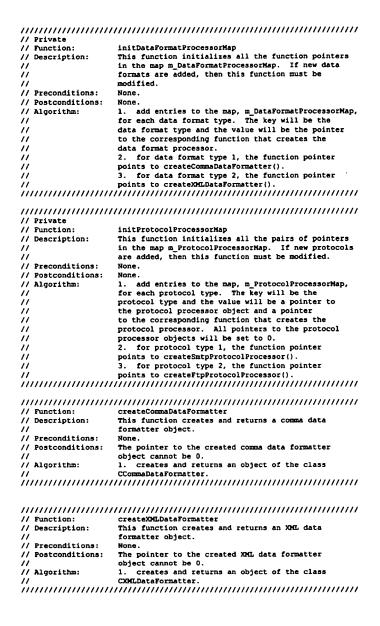


Figure 18C

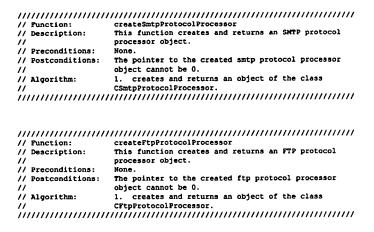


Figure 18D

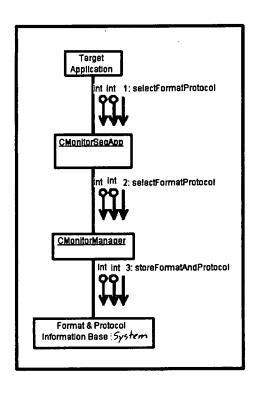
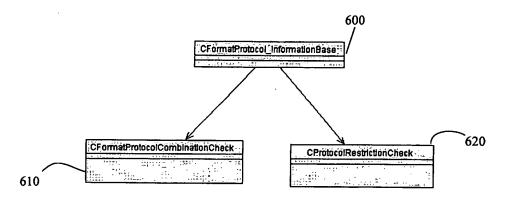


Figure 19



Format And Protocol Information Base Package Class Structure

Figure 20

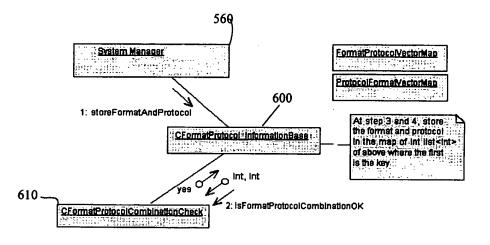


Figure 21

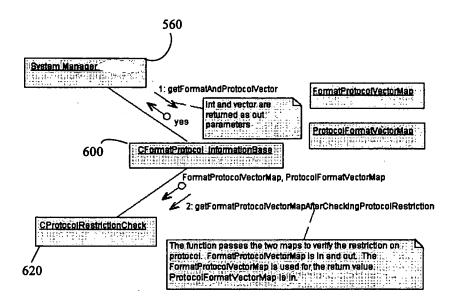


Figure 22

CFormatProtocol_InformationBase Class Specification

Page I of 2

Author: Tetsuro Motoyama

5.2 CFormatProtocol_InformationBase Class Specification

5.2.1 Function List

public:
CFormatProtocol InformationBase();
-CFormatProtocol InformationBase();
vold storeFormatAndProtocol(int in nFormat, int in_nProtocol);
bool getFormatAndProtocolVector(int & out_nFormat, list<int> & out_ProtocolVector);

private: void setDefaultFormatAndProtocol();

5.2.2 Class Attributes

Туре	Attribute Name	Description
map <int, list<int=""> ></int,>	m_FormatProtocolVectorMap	The key is a format value, and the list is the list of protocol values associated to the key. Because subscripting [] is not needed in this implementation, list is used for the vector implementation. This map is used to return the necessary information for getFormatAndProtocolVector function Note: >> is > space > to distinguish from ">>" that is used by lostream.
map <int, list<int="">></int,>	m_ProtocolFormatVectorMap	The key is a protocol value, and the list is the list of format values associated to the key. Because subscripting [] is not needed in this implementation, list is used for the vector implementation. This map is used to modify the map above if the protocol can take only one format.
bool	m_bFirstGetCall	This flag is used to call the function in CProtocolRestrictionCheck. The constructor set this to be true. The function, getFormatAndProtocolVector, sets it to be false
map <int, list<int="">>::iterator</int,>		Iterator used to iterate the map.
CFormatProtocolCombinationCheck	m_FormatProtocolCombinationCheck	This object is to check the combination of format and protocol
CProtocolRestrictionCheck	m_ProtocolRestrictionCheck	This object is to check the protocol restriction. Currently, the only restriction is if protocol can have only one format support.

5.2.3 Function Definitions

Figure 17

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/format_prot../formatprotocol_informationbeseclass.ht 01/25/2000

```
storeFormatAndProtocol
Check the passed format and protocol values
to be valid or not. If valid, store the
values into the two maps
//Function:
//Description:
//
//Preconditions:
                                None
//Postconditions:
                                None
//Algorithm:

    Send two values to check the combination
through isFormatProtocolCombinationOK

                                    function. Check the return bool value.

    If yes, save format and protocol values
into two maps (Figure 5.4 of the
Specification, Q6-DJ04-08)

// Else, do nothing.
//Preconditions:
                                None
//Postconditions:
//
//
                                The format value is within the range.
The list is not empty and contains the values
                                within the range.

1. If m bfirstGetCall (Figure 5.5 of the Specification Q6-DJ04-08)

1.1 call the function to check the protocol
//Algorithm:
                                          restriction.
                                   1.2 check if m FormatProtocolVectorMap is empty. If empty, set it to default values of format and protocol by calling setDefaultFormatAndFrotocol function.
// setDefaultFormatAndFrotocol function.

// 1.3 set the iterator to begin().

// 2. If iterator is end, return false.

// else (Figure 5.6 of the Specification

// Q6-DJ04-08)

// get format and list to return and set

return parameters.

// increment iterator.

// Return true.
Figure 1942
```

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/formst_prot.../formstprotocol_informstionbeseclass.ht 01/25/2000

CFormatProtoco!CombinationCheck Class Specification

Page 1 of 2

Author: Tetsuro Motoyama

5.3 CFormatProtocolCombinationCheck Class Specification

5.3.1 Function List

public:

ublic:

CFormatProtocolCombinationCheck();

~CFormatProtocolCombinationCheck()

bool isFormatProtocolCombinationOK(const int in_nFormat, const int in_nProtocol);

private: void initMatrix();

5.3.2 Class Attributes

Туре	Attribute Name	Description
map <int, set<int=""> ></int,>	m_CombinationMatrix	Key is the format. The set contains the protocols that are valid for the particular format

5.3.3 Function Definitions

```
//Description:
//Preconditions:
//Postconditions:
               Constructor
None
               None
//Function:
//Description:
//Preconditions:
               None
//Preconditions:
//Postconditions:
//Algorithm:
               None
               None

1. Use find function of the Matrix for
in_nFormat

2. If returned iterator is end, return No
3. get the sat value for the key format

4. Use the find function of the set for
               in nProtocol
5. if returned iterator is end, return no
```

figure 19

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/formst_pro../formatprotocolcombinationcheckclass.ht 01/25/2000



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Figure 188

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docz/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/formst_pro.../formstprotocolcombinationcheckclass.ht 01/25/2000

```
Author: Tetsuro Motoyama

5.4 CProtocolRestrictionCheck Class Specification

5.4.1 Function List

public:
    CProtocolRestrictionCheck();
    -CProtocolRestrictionCheck();
    -CProtocolRestrictionCheck()
    vold getTormatProtocolVectorMapAfterCheckingProtocolRestriction
    (map<int, list<int>> & inOus_Map, const map<int, list<int>> & in_Map);

private:
    void initOneFormatRestriction();
    void oneFormatRestriction
    (map<int, list<int>> & inOut_Map, const map<int, list<int>> & in_Map);
```

5.4.2 Class Attributes

CProtocolRestrictionCheck Class Specification

Туре	Attribute Name	Description
vector <bool></bool>		Array size should be protocol size+1. The position corresponds to the protocol.

Page 1 of 3

5.4.3 Function Definitions

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/format_protocol_info/protocolrestrictioncheck.htm

```
//Private Function: initOneFormatRestriction
                                               This function initialize the attribute

m boneFormatRestriction. If more protocols are
added, this initialization must be modified.
//Description:
//Preconditions:
//Postconditions:
//Algorithm:
                                               None
                                               None
                                              l. use assign(size+1,false) to initialize the vector to false.

2. set the entries of true.

Note: for class debug version, use ifdef and
// Index and // bool 6 posl = m_bOneFormatRestriction[1]; // bool 6 pos2 = m_bOneFormatRestriction[2]; // and so on to be able to see and to change the value.
//Private Function: oneFormatRestriction
//Description: This function receives two maps and if the one restriction is true for given protocol, the content of inOut_Map (m_FormatProtocolVectorMap)
//
//
//Preconditions:
                                                is adjusted accordingly.
                                               None
//Postconditions:
//Algorithm:
//
                                               Iterate over the in_Map (m_ProtocolFormatVectorMap)
                                               1. get the key (pkey)

2. If m_bOneFormatRestriction[pkey]

2.1 get the value list of in Map for the key

2.2 local int lastFormat = back(),

2.3 iterate over the list

if *iterator NE lastFormat
                                              if *iterator NR lastFormat
iterate over inOut_Map[*iterator] list
if the value EQ pkey
erase the entry from the list
3. Iterate over inOut Map
if value list is empty,
erase the entry from inOut_Map
         ample: 0 1 2 3 4

m_bOneFormatRestriction = {0,0,1,0,1} (four protocols)
0: false, 1: true

inOut Map (m_FormatProtocolVectorMap)
= {1, <1,7,3,4> --> <1, 2, 3>
2, <2,1,3,4> --> <1, 3>
3, <3,4,1,2> --> <3, 4, 1>
--> <5
--> <>
          4, <2,4>)
in_Map (m_ProtocolFormatVectorMap)
= (1, <1, 3, 2>
2, <4, 3, 2, 1>
3, <1, 3, 2>
4, <4, 2, 1, 3>)
                                                                                                                                                        FIGURE 1983
          pkey = 1 m_bOneFormatRestriction[1] = 0
pkey = 2 m_bOneFormatRestriction[2] = 1
value list = <4, 3, 2, 1> (2.1)
lastFormat = 1 (2.2)
                        inOut_Map[4] = <2,4>
erase value 2 <4>
                        inOut Map{3} = <3,4,1,2>
erase value 2 <3,4,1>
                      inOut_Map[2] = <2,1,3,4>
erase value 2 <1,3,4>
          1 == 1
pkey = 3 m_bOneFormatRestriction[3] = 0
```

 $http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/format_protocol_info/protocolrestrictioncheck.htm$

CProtocolRestrictionCheck Class Specification

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Figure 1900

http://www.str.ricoh.com/doc_control/proj_docs/j04/doc/q6_dj04_08/format_protocol_info/protocolrestrictioncheck.htm

01/25/2000